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Word Search with Trending Reviews on Twitter

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Ritzkal^{1*}, Sutriawan², Bayu Adhi Prakoso¹, Ahmad Zainul Fanani³, Indra Riawan¹, Hersanto Fajri¹, Ruri Suko Basuki³, Farrikh Alzami³

- ¹ Faculty of Engineering & Science, Universitas Ibn Khaldun, Bogor 16162, Indonesia
- ²Computer Science, Universitas Muhammadiyah Bima, Bima 8111, Indonesia
- ³ Computer Science, Universitas Dian Nuswantoro, Semarang 50131, Indonesia

Corresponding Author Email: ritzkal@ft.uika-bogor.ac.id

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ABSTRACT

Indexing content is the process of text mining. An index is made using the root words that can be located in the text. The section of the text that includes the root can be found using the index. The index can also be used as a database to find trends in text, such as how frequently a word appears. Text mining is essentially the act of turning text into words that are then analyzed. Data collection, preprocessing, Term Weigthing, and categorization are some of the research techniques used. The goal of this study is to identify words that frequently appear in Twitter comments and to choose the best normalization technique based on a dictionary. The dataset for the research approach came from tweets on the rise in petrol prices. According to the research's findings, there are several words used in these comments, including the words "up" and "bbm," which are both frequently used in both positive and negative contexts. Up to 50,000 words were retrieved throughout the preprocessing phase, with 62 documents having a positive class and 180 having a negative class.

1. INTRODUCTION

Text data is now being used as a new kind of communication technology rather than only as a source of knowledge and insight due to recent technical advancements. Many text sources today have an impact on how people function. One of the most recent technical advancements is the internet, which has allowed many people to freely express themselves who are unable to do so through traditional media. Most people believe that there are no restrictions on the internet. Massive textual information sources like social media have given people unprecedented chances to express their thoughts in public, but they have also made it extremely difficult to comprehend what they are saying [1].

According to the Director General of Kominfo Budi Setiawan, published in kominfo.go.id, the development of the world of technology is growing very rapidly in every country, including Indonesia, with 19.5 million Indonesians recorded as Twitter users [2]. Twitter is one of the social media that is a source of news for someone's complaints to become a place to do business.

The internet, including newsgroup posts, review sites, and other places, contains a variety of opinions or text messages on governments, products, politicians, and more [3-5]. Because of this, the task of sentiment analysis or opinion mining has gained more attention over the past few years [6], and there are numerous approaches to deal with it. It is necessary to be able to collect pertinent opinions from social media in order to determine information such as opinion polarity, target object (i.e., which section expresses the opinion), holder (who created the opinion), etc. before one may mine sentiment on opinion messages.

Indexing content is the process of text mining. An index is made using the root words that can be located in the text. The section of the text that includes the root can be found using the index. The index can also be used as a database to find trends in text, such as how frequently a word appears. Text mining is essentially the process of turning text into words that are then analyzed [7]. The process of discovering new information and studying vast amounts of data is another definition of text mining. Text mining examines unstructured text that has connections to one another and to other ideas and laws. The anticipated outcome is a new understanding that was before unknowable and uncertain. Information retrieval. categorization, POS tagging, clustering, and other sub-tasks of text mining can all be grouped under the umbrella of knowledge discovery in databases, which is nothing more than a way of describing patterns in a precise, distinctive, and understandable manner [8]. Social media's linguistic idioms make it challenging for computers to automatically analyse messages because of how little they comply to grammatical norms [9]. These variations include typos, impromptu acronyms, emoticons, illegible sentence patterns, and the content of letters that contain other phonetically or even aesthetically identical characters [10]. Text that cannot be interpreted will make the NLP process more difficult. In some other situations, text normalization is crucial for tasks that depend on string matching or word frequency [11].

Text normalization refers to the process of modifying the format of a text to communicate ideas for a particular purpose. [12, 13]. Text normalization is crucial to employ since a text or reading will often contain words that are challenging to grasp, ranging from vocabulary used differently in different languages or contexts to sentences that have distinct meanings

from their original context [14, 15]. Using contextual information, the first normalization strategy converts non-standard language into standard language, whereas the second substitutes lexically based terms with forms that correspond to

the standard language [11].

Several studies, including the following, discuss normalization based on dictionaries as shown in Table 1:

Table 1. Data penelitian sebelumnya

No.	Author	Title of article and journal name	Method	Tools	Dataset	Summary
1	Wijaja and Wibowo [16]	Sentiment Analysis with Slang Dictionary in Indonesian Social Media Using Machine Learning Approach. ICIC Express Letters (2022)	Collecting data, preprocessing, feature extraction, feature selection, classification and evaluation. The results compare between the results of using the Slang dictionary with not using. In accordance with the measurement of accuracy, precision, Recall and F1 Score	Python and using the tweepy, sklearn, and nltk libraries	Twitter dangan mengambil 15 kata gaul	The proposed Slang Dictionary has improved accuracy and F1 score by 8% and 9% respectively.
2	Madyatmadja and Yahya [17]	Contextual Text Analytics Framework for Citizen Report Classification: A Case Study Using the Indonesian Language. IEEE Access, 2022	Data collection, data cleaning, text preprocessing and classification	Python, SVM	Aplikasi LAKSA	Context text preprocessing improves the classification performance of the majority classifier by about 3% with the combination of n-grams.
3	Wu et al. [18]	SlangSD: building, expanding and using a sentiment dictionary of slang words for short- text sentiment classification. Lang Resources & Evaluation (2018)	Collect data, configure files and classify	Python	Twitter dan SMS	On the SMS dataset, SentiStrengthSSD outperformed SentiStrength with more than 50% recall on both tasks.
4	Gupta et al. [19]	SLANGZY: A fuzzy logic-based algorithm for English slang meaning selection. Progress in Artificial Intelligence (2019)	Data collection and preprocessing, slang factor generation	Python	Twitter, Youtube, Reddit8	The comprehensive dataset created achieved 88.44% accuracy, while selecting the best definition compared to the top definition of the same word in Urban Dictionary.

In this research, we have decided to conduct a study to get the frequently occurring words and to obtain the right method in normalizing Normalization based on Dictionary to improve the words in Twitter Comments.

2. METHOD

This study's dataset incorporates information from Twitter. Slang words from Twitter comments were utilized as the search terms on Twitter. In general, data collection, preparation, and categorization make up the research methodology as shown in Figure 1.

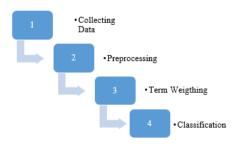


Figure 1. Research methods

2.1 Collecting data

A method or process for gathering, evaluating, and analyzing different types of data using defined methods. To obtain as much information and data as possible is the main goal of data gathering.

2.2 Preprocessing

Preprocessing is a process that includes the following to turn unstructured data into structured data:

2.2.1 Folding a case

The transformation of string form into lowercase is known as case folding. Case folding is helpful in the subsequent stemming step since stemming distinguishes between uppercase and lowercase characters when deleting affixes.

2.2.2 Tokenizing

Tokenizing is a method for breaking up phrases into several parts of speech.

2.2.3 Stopword

Stopwords like from to us and others that are unnecessary

or frequently used are removed using this technique.

2.2.4 Stemming

The technique of stemming allows for the mapping of many morphological word variations to their base or common words. The practice of stemming for Indonesians has changed significantly.

2.2.5 Word cloud

One way to visually show text data is through word clouds, also known as text clouds or tag clouds. Because it is simple to understand, it is often used in text mining. The frequency of words can be presented in an appealing yet educational fashion by utilizing word clouds. The size of a word represented in the word cloud increases with frequency of use.

2.3 Term weigthing

The word weighting technique lets you choose a phrase's weight based on how significant it is to the document.

2.4 Classification

Classification is a process of finding a model or function that describes and distinguishes classes of data or concepts with the aim of predicting classes for data whose classes are unknown.

3. RESULT AND ANALYSIS

It is mandatory to have conclusions in your paper. This section should include the main conclusions of the research and a comprehensible explanation of their significance and relevance. The limitations of the work and future research directions may also be mentioned. Please do not make another abstract.

3.1 Collecting data

In this data collection process using datasets from Twitter regarding the increase in fuel in Indonesia. This dataset was taken as many as 500 Twitter comments responding to the fuel increase. In the 500 data is processed by filtering the same words or duplicates then in the process obtained 242 data in accordance with the topic of the increase in fuel. For data as much as 258 does not match the topic, then the data is not used or the data will automatically be deleted. After filtering the data, the 242 data are labeled or sentiment classes to determine which words are positive and which words are negative. Obtained positive data as many as 62 documents and obtained negative data as many as 180 documents, the following data has been labeled or positive and negative classes described in Table 2.

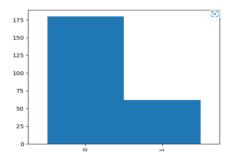


Figure 2. Sentiment analysis chart

Table 2. Positive and negative class labeling

Table 2.1 Ostave and negative class rac	5
Text	Sentiment
Penyesuaian harga BBM ternyata jadi pengaruh naiknya jumlah orang miskin di Indonesia yang per	Nogot:f
September 2022 sebanyak 2636 juta jiwa	Negatif
Kompolnas bohong	Negatif
Mobil Esemka bohong	Negatif
Tidak impor bohong	Negatif
BBM tdk naik bohong	Negatif
KOLISTRIKPAJAKPENGANGGURAN NAIK	Positif
TERUS Presiden Jokowi Perintahkan Seluruh Kepala Daerah Rajin Blusukan ke Pasar	Positii
Emang lu paham gak tntang perdagangan dunia	
ekonomi dunia kayak mana Kalau mau komen	
harus berilmu bos gak gila kek lu Lawak lah	Nagatif
badut ni BBM naik salah presiden apa2 naik	Negatif
salahin presiden Aneh deh Pintar sekolah tapi	
bodoh dalam berpikir	
BBM naik sama dengan rakyatnya jadi pada miskin kita disuruh ngirit2 DPR minta naik gaji	Negatif
Harga bbm naik gaiz	Positif
Dan kini lpg pkai ktp saat beli dan kadang di	
aplikasi diterapkan	Positif
Wis rasah aneh² masake ngo kayu bakar ae	Positif
cmiwiyy	1 051111
Jadi penyesuaian harga BBM berdampak pada	
kenaikan hargaharga yang harus dibayar kelompok masyarakat miskin dan mempengaruhi daya beli	Positif
mereka kata Margo	
waktu bbm naiktol naikin harga juga dgn alasan	
penyesuaian.dan besok jalan berbayarkira2 bbm	Positif
ongkos ojol ongkos taksi bakal naik jugakita liat	FOSIUI
ongkos lrt krl dan transjakarta	
Kenaikan harga BBM diiringi dengan	
meningkatnya kemiskinan terlihat dari kemiskinan September 2022 naik tipis dibandingkan Maret	
2022 namun turun dari September 2021 kata	Positif
Kepala BPS Margo Yuwono dalam konferensi pers	
daring Senin 16/1	
Selain itu kenaikan GK pada September 2022 juga	
disebabkan oleh kenaikan harga komoditas	Positif
nonpangan pasca harga BBM naik	
Misalnya Pertalite naik 3072 persen solar 3204 persen Pertamax non subsidi 16 persen	Positif
Margo mencatat harga beras pada September naik	
146 persen dibandingkan Maret 2022. Lalu harga	D '''C
tepung terigu naik 1397 persen telur ayam ras 1901	Positif
persen	
Kenaikan harga BBM menyebabkan harga	D '''C
komoditas yg dikonsumsi masyarakat miskin melonjak	Positif
Harga komoditas yang dikonsumsi oleh penduduk	
miskin ada peningkatan dibandingkan Maret 2022	Positif
Aman itu buat mereka yg berkuasa Rakyat terus di	
peras pajak naik.BBM naik harga barang semakin	
mahal.hukum tajam kebawah.lapangan kerja	Positif
sulit.PHK masal akan terjadi cukup sudah	
penderitaan Rakyat yg di buat oleh Rezim jkw Skrg masyarakat di Eropa susah loh. Inflasinya	
tinggi banget BBM mereka pake harga	
ekonomibelum lg hrga gas naik krn perang. Efek ke	D '.''
harga2 pangan yang naik tinggi. Pajaknya apakah	Positif
turun Ga. Pajak mereka ttp tinggi. Gaji mereka	
segitu2 aja	
Gk bnr nih om Herman Catetttt yee om kl utang	
turun itu bkn krn jkw tp kl BBM naik pengangguran naik hrg² pd naik kesenjangan naik	Negatif
itu baru ulah jkw Bnr kg kaum onta ² sekalian	

The following is a description of the data in diagram form.

The ratio of negative to positive terms in the context of

Ine ratio of negative to positive terms in the context of Indonesia's fuel price rises is shown in Figure 2. where the positive words arrive after more than 50 and the negative words appear around 175 words.

3.2 Preprocessing

3.2.1 Case folding

The initial stage in preprocessing is case folding which functions as changing from uppercase letters to lowercase letters. Case folding technique using python language.

```
df_data['Text'] = df_data['Text'].str.lower()
print('Hasil Case Folding: \n')
print(df_data['Text'].tail())
```

Figure 3. Case folding

Figure 3 shows the coding to use case folding with pyhton programming language, where the data taken is text containing comments on Twitter. In the case folding process can change 242 data with lowercase letters.

```
237 coba nangis lagi kala bbm naik kali aja banyak...
238 hasil simulasi smeru terhadap tingkat kemiskin...
239 ditunggu tangisanmu saat bbm naik
240 bbm naik berkalikali setelah sby lengser.
241 airmata mu airmata buaya
Name: Text, dtype: object
```

Figure 4. Case folding result

Five data points that were folded into cases are shown in Figure 4 for your reference.

3.2.2 Tokenizing

The tokenizing process is a process to cut words and remove numbers in a sentence taken from comments on Twitter.

		0	1		2	3	4		5	6	7
0	penyesuaia	n	harga	- 1	bbm	ternyata	jadi	pengar	uh naik	ınya	jumlah
1	kompolna	s b	ohong	N	lone	None	None	No	ne N	lone	None
2	mob	il es	emka	boh	nong	None	None	No	ne N	lone	None
3	tida	k	impor	boh	nong	None	None	No	ne N	lone	None
4	bbr	n	tdk		naik	bohong	None	No	ne N	lone	None
237	cob	a r	nangis		lagi	kala	bbm	n	aik	kali	aja l
238	has	il sir	nulasi	sn	neru	terhadap	tingkat	kemiskin	an	i ke	naikan
239	ditungg	u tangis	anmu	:	saat	bbm	naik	No	ne N	lone	None
240	bbr	n	naik	berkal	likali	setelah	sby	lengs	er. N	lone	None
241	airmat	a	mu	airn	nata	buaya	None	No	ne N	lone	None
7	8	9		43	4	4 45	46	47	48	49	50
7 jumlah	8 orang	9 miskin		43 None	4 Non		46 None	47 None	48 None	49 None	50 None
						e None					
jumlah	orang	miskin		None	Non	e None e None	None	None	None	None	None
jumlah	orang None	miskin None		None None	Non	e None e None e None	None None	None None	None None	None None	None None
jumlah None None	orang None None	miskin None None		None None None	Non Non	e None e None e None e None	None None None	None None None	None None None	None None None	None None None
jumlah None None	orang None None	miskin None None None		None None None	Non Non Non Non	e None e None e None e None	None None None	None None None	None None None	None None None	None None None
jumlah None None None	orang None None None	miskin None None None		None None None None	Non Non Non Non	e None e None e None e None e None	None None None None	None None None None	None None None None	None None None None	None None None None
jumlah None None None	orang None None None	miskin None None None		None None None None	Non Non Non Non	e None	None None None None	None None None None	None None None None	None None None None	None None None None
jumlah None None None	orang None None None None banyak	miskin None None None None orang		None None None None None	Non Non Non Non	e None	None None None None	None None None None None	None None None None None	None None None None None	None None None None None
jumlah None None None None aja kenaikan	orang None None None None banyak harga	miskin None None None orang		None None None None None 	Non Non Non Non Non	e None	None None None None None None	None None None None None None	None None None None None	None None None None None None	None None None None None None

Figure 5. Result tokenizing

Figure 5 demonstrates how to use the Twitter dataset to remove words and count integers from a text.

3.2.3 Stopwords

Stopword removal is used to clean up irrelevant words or words that are often used such as from to us and others. The stopword removal process is taken from comments regarding the increase in bbm on Twitter as shown in Figure 6.

	Text	Sentiment	class
0	penyesuaian harga bbm ternyata jadi pengaruh n	Negatif	0
1	kompolnas bohong	Negatif	0
2	mobil esemka bohong	Negatif	0
3	impor bohong	Negatif	0
4	bbm tdk naik bohong	Negatif	0
5	kolistrikpajakpengangguran naik terus presiden	Positif	1
6	emang lu paham gak tntang perdagangan dunia	Negatif	0
7	bbm naik sama rakyatnya jadi miskin disuruh ng	Negatif	0
8	dengar pak ganjil genap erp ciptaker pesangonu	Positif	1
9	harga bbm naik gaiz	Positif	1
10	omnibus law yg rugikan buruh&pekerja disahkan	Positif	1

Figure 6. Stopwords removal result

3.2.4 Stemming

The stemming stage is a process of reducing inflected words to their base word, the basic form or root generally in written form. Stem does not need to be identical to the morphology of the root of the word, it is usually sufficient that as shown in Figure 7.

```
from Sastrawi.Stemmer.StemmerFactory import StemmerFactory

data_stemming = []
for index, row in df_data.iterrows():
    factory = StemmerFactory()
    stemmer = factory.create_stemmer()
    data_stemming.append(stemmer.stem(row["Text"]))
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', 500)
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 500)
pd.set_option('display.width', 1000)
df_data["Text"] = data_stemming
df_data
```

Figure 7. Stemming coding

In Figure 8 shows words that have not been stemmed where in the picture there are still words that are still irrelevant. Figure 9 shows that the words have been stemmed.

	Text	Sentiment	class
0	penyesuaian harga bbm ternyata jadi pengaruh n	Negatif	0
1	kompolnas bohong	Negatif	C
2	mobil esemka bohong	Negatif	(
3	impor bohong	Negatif	(
4	bbm tdk naik bohong	Negatif	(
5	kolistrikpajakpengangguran naik terus presiden	Positif	
6	emang lu paham gak tntang perdagangan dunia	Negatif	(
7	bbm naik sama rakyatnya jadi miskin disuruh ng	Negatif	(
8	dengar pak ganjil genap erp ciptaker pesangonu	Positif	•
9	harga bbm naik gaiz	Positif	•
10	omnibus law yg rugikan buruh&pekerja disahkan	Positif	

Figure 8. Words that have not been stemmed

	Text	Sentiment	class
0	sesuai harga bbm nyata jadi pengaruh naik juml	Negatif	0
1	kompolnas bohong	Negatif	0
2	mobil esemka bohong	Negatif	0
3	impor bohong	Negatif	0
4	bbm tdk naik bohong	Negatif	0
5	kolistrikpajakpengangguran naik terus presiden	Positif	1
6	emang lu paham gak tntang dagang dunia ekonomi	Negatif	0
7	bbm naik sama rakyat jadi miskin suruh ngirit2	Negatif	0
8	dengar pak ganjil genap erp ciptaker pesangonu	Positif	1
9	harga bbm naik gaiz	Positif	1
10	omnibus law yg rugi buruh kerja sah ribu anak	Positif	1

Figure 9. Words that have been stemmed

3.2.5 Word cloud

Word cloud is a stage to visualize a collection of words in the term document matrix into an attractive display. In the word cloud process, words that often appear in both positive and negative words will be displayed. The results of the Twitter dataset where positive words often appear can be seen in Figure 10.

Figure 10 illustrates each term that actively influenced the BBM trending topic search on Twitter. These words are closely tied to each review that demonstrates the favorable attitude of people's reviews on the gasoline price hike. Figure 12 shows a word cloud of phrases that recur often in favorable assessments.

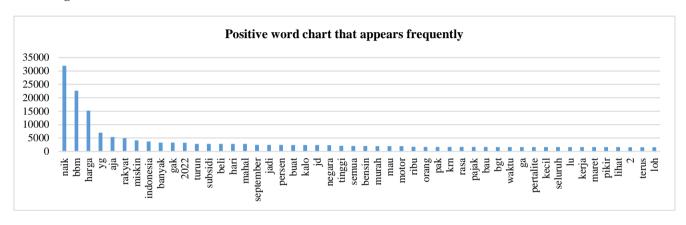


Figure 10. A positive word chart that appears frequently

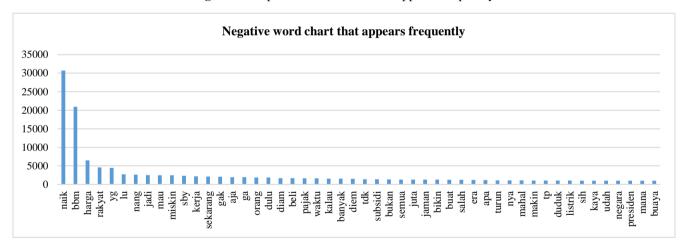


Figure 11. Negative word chart that appears frequently

These terms are directly associated to every review that exhibits a bad sentiment from the public reviews of fuel price rises, according to Figure 11, which shows every word that actively influences the search for trending BBM topics on Twitter. Figure 12 displays a wordcloud of the words that appeared often in bad ratings.

The words "naik" and "harga" have a significant impact on a variety of business aspects of people's life, as seen by Figure 12. The rise in gasoline costs had a significant impact on people's lives; for instance, it increased the cost of basic necessities, reduced people's purchasing power, and reduced traders' profits. As a result of the government's incorrect policy in making decisions about raising fuel prices because it does not take into account the risks that will arise in various business sectors in people's lives, the effect of the increase in

fuel prices has given rise to many unfavorable opinions in society.



Figure 12. WordCloud positive and negative tranding words

4. CONCLUSION

The conclusion of this research is in the preprocessing process obtained as many as 50,000 words where documents that have a positive class are 62 and documents that have a negative class are 180 and there are 2 positive and negative words that are often used including the word up as much as 31946 and the word bbm as much as 22655. The words "naik" and "harga" have a significant impact on a variety of business aspects of people's life, as seen by Figure 12. The rise in gasoline costs had a significant impact on people's lives; for instance, it increased the cost of basic necessities, reduced people's purchasing power, and reduced traders' profits.

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