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NOMENCLATURE

a	stands for air
Afl	surface of the floor [m^2]
Btr,i	dimensionless, adjustment element of heating exchange between the heated room and the not-heated one (value supplied by the Standard UNI TS 113000-1:2014)
c	denotes the cardinal orientation, dimensionless
d	day of the period, number
DD	Degree Day
ECs	semester energy consumption [kWh]
ER	stands for Electrical Requirement per hour [kWh/h]
fx	utilization factor of heat losses, depending on the thermal inertia of the building and the ratio between free inputs and dispersions, assumed equal to 0.95, dimensionless
h	number of hours of heating season [h]
hl,i	working hours of lecture l in lecture room i, [h]
Ht	coefficient of transmission, heat exchange [W/°K]
Hv	coefficient of ventilation, heat exchange [W/°K]
i	denotes the lecture room, dimensionless
j	number of surfaces, dimensionless
Isun,ex	total seasonal irradiance (in the heating period) on the vertical plane [kWh/m^2], for each x-th exposure.
k	single and specific air exchange for ventilation, dimensionless
L	number of lamps
l	number of lectures of the semester, i.e. 184, dimensionless
n	denotes the type of lamps in a lecture room
Nz	the number of days in the z-month considered, assuming the daily energy requirement, the coefficient will have a unitary value
P	power of the lamp [kW]
Q int	free internal intake
Qc	denotes the cooling requirement [kWh/h]
Qh	denotes the heating requirement [kWh/h]
r	reduction adjustment element, taking into account the presence of transparent elements and medium shading, set to 0.2, dimensionless
s	denotes the season, dimensionless
Sj	dimension of surface j [m^2]
Sw,j	window area of surface j [m^2]
t	denotes the timeslot, dimensionless
Te	external temperature [°K]
TR	stands for Thermal Energy Requirement [kWh/h]
Ui	transmittance of surface I [W/m^2°K]
Va,k	k-th average daily air flow rate due to natural ventilation or aeration and / or infiltration of the area or mechanical ventilation, [m^3/s]
x	coefficient for the percentage of heating system switched on
y	coefficient for the percentage of lamps switched on, dimensionless
θe	average monthly value of the daily outdoor temperature [°K]
θi	Setting of the internal temperature of the thermal zone considered [°K]
ρa*ca	volume thermal capacity of the air, equal to 0.34
φint	input produced by the internal heat sources [W/m^2] (according to the Standard UNI TS 113000-1:2014, Table 7)